



SUMMARY OF PLANT PROTECTION REGULATIONS
Updated April 2018

Maryland Department of Agriculture
Office of Plant Industries & Pest Management
50 Harry S Truman Pkwy
Annapolis, MD 21401
Phone: 410-841-5920
Fax: 410-841-5835
Web Site: <http://mda.maryland.gov>

Kim Rice (SPRO).....Program Manager, Plant Protection & Weed Management
Email: kimberly.rice@maryland.gov
Aaron Shurtleff.....Supervisor, Field Operations, CAPS, SSC
Email: aaron.shurtleff@maryland.gov
Robert Trumbule.....Coordinator, Nursery Inspection & Plant Quarantine
Email: robert.trumbule@maryland.gov
Cybil Preston.....Apiary Inspection
Email: cybil.preston@maryland.gov
Lane Heimer.....Weed Management
Email: lane.heimer@maryland.gov

Notification of nursery stock shipments, when required, should be sent to the Attention of Marcia Solomon at the above address or fax number, or email to: ppwm.mda@maryland.gov.

The information, as provided, is for informational purposes only and should not be interpreted as complete, nor should it be considered legally binding. Coordination with both your state and the destination state plant regulatory agency listed above may be necessary to stay up-to-date on revised requirements.

NURSERY STOCK DEFINITION

(1) Any hardy plant or plant that survives Maryland winters, including a deciduous or evergreen tree, shrub or woody vine whether cultivated, native or hardy and all viable parts of the plant;
(2) any nonhardy plant or plant part to be distributed in another state that requires plant inspection and certification before entering that state; and (3) any other plant included by the Secretary, if regulating its movement is necessary to control any dangerously injurious plant pest.

GENERAL SHIPPING REQUIREMENTS

Each shipment of nursery stock moving into Maryland must be labeled with the names of the consignor and consignee and be accompanied by a state of origin inspection certificate stating that the contents were inspected by a qualified state or federal agricultural official and the nursery stock is apparently free of plant pests.

NOXIOUS WEEDS

- Carduus spp.* Thistles
- Cirsium spp.* Thistles
- Rosa multiflora* Multiflora Rose
- Sorghum halapense* Johnsongrass
- Sorghum bicolor* Shattercane

QUARANTINES OR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

VEGETABLE PLANT CERTIFICATION

PESTS: Insects and diseases affecting vegetable seedlings.

STATES: All

MATERIALS REGULATED: Vegetable plants intended for transplanting, including broccoli, brussel sprout, cabbage, cauliflower, collard, eggplant, kale, lettuce, onion, pepper, asparagus, sweet potato, and tomato.

RESTRICTIONS: Regulated materials may be moved into Maryland when accompanied by an official inspection certificate from the state of origin attached to each container. The certificate shall establish that the plants were grown under, and meet the requirements of, an official plant certification program of the state of origin and that the plants were certified to be free of plant pests based on an inspection made not more than 3 days before shipment or removal from the soil.

INVASIVE PLANT LAW

Tier 1 Invasive Plants and dates effective with restrictions applying:

The following plants are designated as Tier 1 invasive plants in Maryland. Effective immediately a person may not acquire a new Tier I invasive plant. According to phase-in provisions these plants are subject to the restrictions below:

Tier 1 Plant	Effective Date
<i>Ficaria verna</i> (fig buttercup)	April 12, 2017
<i>Geranium lucidum</i> (shining cranesbill)	April 12, 2017
<i>Iris pseudacorus</i> (yellow flag iris)	April 12, 2017
<i>Euonymus fortunei</i> (wintercreeper)	February 14, 2018
<i>Lonicera maackii</i> (Amur honeysuckle)	February 14, 2018
<i>Corydalis incisa</i> (incised fumewort)	

Restrictions - Except as provided below, a person may not propagate, import, transfer, sell, purchase, transport, or introduce any living part of a Tier 1 invasive plant in the State. These restrictions do not apply to the transfer, lease, sale, or purchase of real property on which an invasive plant is located.

Tier 2 Invasive Plants and dates effective with restrictions applying:

The following plants are designated as Tier 2 invasive Plants in Maryland. According to phase-in provisions, these plants are subject to the restrictions below:

Tier 2 Plant	Effective Date
<i>Euonymus alatus</i> (burning bush)	July 12, 2016
<i>Ligustrum obtusifolium</i> (blunt-leaved or border privet)	July 12, 2016
<i>Wisteria sinensis</i> (Chinese wisteria)	July 12, 2016
<i>Wisteria floribunda</i> (Japanese wisteria)	July 12, 2016
<i>Wisteria x formosa</i> (floribunda x sinensis hybrids)	July 12, 2016
<i>Cytisus scoparius</i> (Scotch broom)	May 14, 2017
<i>Nandina domestica</i> (heavenly bamboo)	May 14, 2017
<i>Phyllostachys aurea</i> (golden bamboo)	
<i>Phyllostachys aureosulcata</i> (yellow groove bamboo)	
<i>Pyrus calleryana</i> (Callery pear)	
<i>Tetradium danielii</i> (bee bee tree)	

Restrictions - A person may not sell or offer for sale at a retail outlet a Tier 2 invasive plant unless the retail outlet posts in a conspicuous manner in proximity to all Tier 2 plant displays, a sign identifying the plants as Tier 2 plants.

For more information please visit our website: http://mda.maryland.gov/plants-pests/Pages/maryland_invasive_plants_prevention_and_control.aspx

BOXWOOD BLIGHT

Beginning in 2017, compliance agreements were set up with some of our nurseries in response to the Pennsylvania Quarantine. Our nursery inspectors are continually monitoring for this disease and encourage our licensed facilities to inspect stock on arrival and set up a quarantine area to keep arriving stock separate for a period of time. More information can be found at the links below:

http://mda.maryland.gov/plants-pests/Documents/BoxwoodBlight_BMP_2016.pdf

<http://mda.maryland.gov/plants-pests/Documents/MarylandBoxwoodBlightComplianceAgreement.pdf>

http://mda.maryland.gov/plants-pests/Documents/CA_List_Website.pdf