NEW HAMPSHIRE

SUMMARY OF PLANT PROTECTION REGULATIONS
Updated January 2021

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Pre-notification of nursery stock shipments, when required, should be sent to the above address or fax number.

The information, as provided, is for informational purposes only and should not be interpreted as complete, nor should it be considered legally binding. Coordination with both your state and the destination state plant regulatory agency listed above may be necessary to stay up-to-date on revised requirements.

NURSERY STOCK DEFINITION

Woody plants, including ornamental and fruiting trees, shrubs, vines, and all viable parts of these plants; herbaceous plants, including florist stock plants, annuals, perennials, vegetable plants, herbs, potted plants, and all viable parts of these plants; and any other plant or plant part designated by the commissioner. Nursery stock does not include cut Christmas trees, wreaths, seeds, dried herbs, vegetables, cut flowers, or such plant products.

GENERAL SHIPPING REQUIREMENTS

All shipments into New Hampshire must be accompanied by a valid authorized nursery inspection certificate affirming that the nursery stock is free of injurious plant pests or diseases. Certificates must include the names and addresses of the consignor and consignee.

NOXIOUS WEEDS

The following list of aquatic weeds is regulated by the Department of Environmental Services (RSA 487:15)

* Butomus umbellate ........................................................................................... Flowering rush
* Cabomba caroliniana and other Cabomba sp. ......................................................... Fanwort
* Crassula helmsii .................................................................................................. Swamp stonecrop
* Egeria densa ........................................................................................................ Brazilian elodea
Epilobium hirsutum ......................................................... Great willow herb
Glyceria maxima ................................................................. Reed sweet grass
Hydrilla verticillata ................................................................. Hydrilla
Hydrocharis morsus-ranae ...................................................... European frogbit
Hygrophila polysperma ......................................................... East Indian hygrophila
Ipomoea aquatica ................................................................. Water spinach
Iris pseudacorus ................................................................. Yellow iris
Lagarosiphon major ............................................................... African oxygen weed
Limnophila sessiliflora .......................................................... Ambulia
Lythrum salicaria, L. virgatum, L. alatum and their cultivars ...... Purple loosestrife
Marsilea quadrifolia ............................................................... Water fern
Myosotis scorpiodies .............................................................. Water forget-me-knot
Myriophyllum aquaticum, M. heterophyllum, M. spicatum and others .... Milfoils
Najas minor ................................................................. European naiad
Nymphoides peltata ............................................................. Yellow floating heart
Phragmites australis, P. communis ........................................... Common reed
Potomogeton crispus ......................................................... Curly-leaf pondweed
Sagittaria japonica ............................................................. Double-flowering arrowhead
Sagittaria sagittifolia .............................................................. Giant sagittaria
Salvinia molesta .............................................................. Giant salvinia
Trapa sp. ............................................................... Water chestnut
Typha gracilis .............................................................. Slender cattail
Typha laxmannii ............................................................. Dwarf cattail
Typha minima ................................................................. Miniature cattail

The following list of upland terrestrial weeds is regulated by the Department of Agriculture, Markets & Food, Division of Plant Industry (RSA 430:55)

Acer platanoides .............................................................. Norway maple
Ailanthus altissima ............................................................. Tree of heaven
Alliaria petiolata ............................................................... Garlic mustard
Alnus glutinosa ............................................................... European black alder
Berberis thunbergii ............................................................. Japanese barberry
Berberis vulgaris ............................................................... European barberry
Celastrus orbiculatus ........................................................ Oriental bittersweet
Centaurea stoebe L. ssp. micranthos .................................... Spotted knapweed
Cynanchum louiseae ............................................................ Black swallow-wort
Cynanchum rossicum ........................................................ Pale swallow-wort
Elaeagnus umbellata ............................................................ Autumn olive
Euonymus alatus .............................................................. Burning bush
Frangula alnus ................................................................. Glossy buckthorn
Glyceria maxima ................................................................. Reed sweet grass
Heracleum mantegazzianum ................................................ Giant hogweed
Hesperis matronalis ............................................................. Dame's rocket
Impatiens glandulifera ......................................................... Ornamental jewelweed
Iris pseudacorus ................................................................. Water-flag iris
Lepidium latifolium ........................................................................... Perrenial pepperweed
Ligustrum obtusifolium ..................................................................... Blunt-leaved privet
Ligustrum vulgare ........................................................................... Common privet
Lonicera japonica ........................................................................... Japanese honeysuckle
Lonicera maackii ........................................................................... Amur honeysuckle
Lonicera morrowii ........................................................................... Morrow's honeysuckle
Lonicera tatarica ............................................................................. Tatarian honeysuckle
Lonicera x bella ............................................................................. Bella honeysuckle
Lysimachia nummularia ..................................................................... Moneywort
Microstegium vimineum .................................................................... Japanese stilt grass
Persicaria perfoliata ......................................................................... Mile-a-minute weed
Pueraria montana .............................................................................. Kudzu
Reynoutria japonica ......................................................................... Japanese knotweed
Reynoutria sachalinensis ................................................................... Giant knotweed
Reynoutria × bohemica ..................................................................... Bohemia knotweed
Rhamnus cathartica ........................................................................... Common buckthorn
Rosa multiflora ................................................................................ Multiflora rose

PROHIBITED INSECTS

The following list of prohibited insects is regulated by the Department of Agriculture, Markets & Food, Division of Plant Industry (RSA 430:55)

Acarapis woodi .................................................................................. Honeybee tracheal mite
Adelges tsugae .................................................................................. Hemlock woolly adelgid
Aeolesthes sarta ................................................................................. City longhorn beetle
Agrilus planipennis ............................................................................ Emerald ash borer
Anoplophora glabripennis ................................................................... Asian longhorned beetle
Callidiellum rufipenne ......................................................................... Cedar longhorned beetle
Dendrolimus sibiricus ......................................................................... Siberian silk moth
Hylurgus ligniperda ............................................................................ Redhaired bark beetle
Ips typographus ................................................................................... European spruce bark beetle
Lycorma delicatula ............................................................................. Spotted lanternfly
Lymantria dispar .................................................................................. Asian gypsy moth
Lymantria monacha ............................................................................. Nun moth
Popillia japonica ................................................................................ Japanese beetle
Pyrrhalta viburni ................................................................................. Viburnum leaf beetle
Rhizotrogus majalis ............................................................................ European chafer
Tetropium fuscum ............................................................................... Brown spruce longhorned beetle
Varroa destructor ................................................................................ Varroa mite
QUARANTINES OR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

WHITE PINE BLISTER RUST QUARANTINE

PEST: The fungus *Cronartium ribicola* which causes white pine blister rust.

STATES REGULATED: All

MATERIALS REGULATED: Plants of all species and varieties of *Ribes*.

RESTRICTIONS: Only the following species and varieties of currants and gooseberries shall be imported and planted:

- Black Currant: “Crandall”, “Willoughby”
- Red Currant: “Rondom”
- White Currant: “White currant 1301”

Planting these varieties within New Hampshire shall be by permit approved by the NH Department of Natural and Cultural Resources, Division of Forests and Lands. For more information, please refer to the website below:


EXTERIOR FIREWOOD QUARANTINE

PEST: Insects and diseases capable of being transported in firewood.

STATES REGULATED: All

MATERIALS REGULATED: All wood of any species, cut or not cut, split or not split, regardless of length which is destined for use as a fuel. Firewood shall not include kiln-dried dimensional lumber, nor wood that has been chipped. In addition, firewood shall not include logs or wood being transported to, or possessed by, the following operations and facilities for use in their primary manufacturing process:

i. sawmill for dimensional lumber;

ii. pulp and/or paper mills;

iii. wood pellet manufacturing facilities;

iv. plywood manufacturing facilities;

v. wood biomass-using refineries or power plants;
vi. re-constituted wood or wood composite product manufacturing plants;

vii. facilities certified to treat firewood in accordance with heat-treatment standards where firewood has been heated to an interior core temperature of 60 C (140 F) for 60 min.

RESTRICTIONS: Untreated firewood shall not be imported into the State of New Hampshire from any other state, except as permitted with a compliance agreement. Compliance agreements are available for those:

1) Transporting untreated firewood directly to a state-certified firewood kiln for processing.

2) Transporting firewood of out-of-state origin into New Hampshire if the firewood has undergone a certified process deemed by both NHDAMF and NHDNCR to substantially reduce the risk of introducing forest pests. In order to obtain a compliance agreement, the firewood processor shall demonstrate:
   a. The process the firewood has undergone to reduce the risk of transporting insects and pathogens, including verifiable evidence of the treatment’s efficacy; and
   b. That the reduced risk from the firewood is a function of the type of processing rather than origin of firewood; and
   c. That the process can be measured or documented for the purpose of audit activities; and
   d. Recipients of the compliance agreement shall maintain records for two years to assist in audit activities.

3) Firewood dealers who harvest firewood in New Hampshire and take it out of state to cut, split, season, or package shall obtain a compliance agreement before moving firewood of New Hampshire origin back into the State of New Hampshire. A firewood dealer shall be eligible for a compliance agreement if they meet the following conditions:
   a. Firewood origin is documented through trip tickets, sales slips, load slips, or any other verifiable documentation showing chain of custody from the property where the wood was harvested, that can be used to attest to the origin of the firewood.
   b. Firewood of New Hampshire origin is maintained separately and is identifiable at the processor’s yard so that firewood of New Hampshire origin is not commingled with firewood of out-of-state origin.
   c. The compliance agreement may require additional pest-risk based measures to protect the firewood from infestation on the premises, such as separation distance, tarping of firewood, or not storing firewood at specific times of year.
4) Recipients of the compliance agreement shall maintain records for two years to assist in audit activities.

https://www.agriculture.nh.gov/divisions/plant-industry/firewood-quarantine.htm